Towards Liquefaction of Sustainable Feedstock to Upgraded Intermediate Products

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- Summary







 Leading supplier of process technologies, automation and services for the pulp, paper and energy industries



A strong financial profile and balanced business portfolio

2022 key figures of Valmet

Orders received EUR 5,194 million

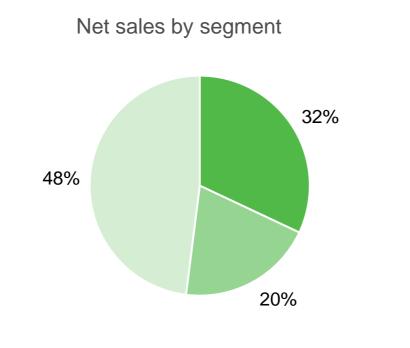
Net sales EUR 5,074 million

Comparable EBITA EUR 533 million

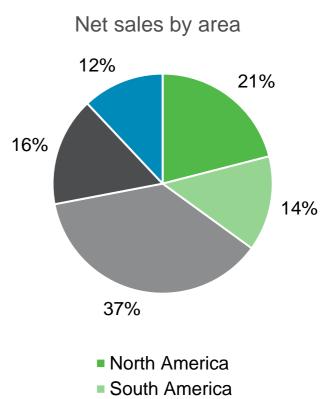
Comparable EBITA margin 10.5%

Order backlog EUR 4,403 million

Employees 17,548



- Services
- Automation
- Process Technologies



- EMEA
- China
- Asia-Pacific



Unique offering combining process technology, services and automation

Board and paper technologies

- · Board, paper and tissue production lines
- Rebuilds
- Machine sections

Pulp technologies

- Complete pulp mills
- Pulp mill processes
 - Wood handling, Cooking and fiber line, Pulp drying and baling, Chemical recovery

Energy technologies

- Heat and power generation
- Air emission control
- · Biofuels production

Flow Control and Automation Systems

- Valves
- Valve automation
- Valve controls
- Distributed Control Systems (DCS)
- Quality Management Systems (QMS)
- Analyzers and measurements
- Industrial applications
- Services and Industrial Internet solutions

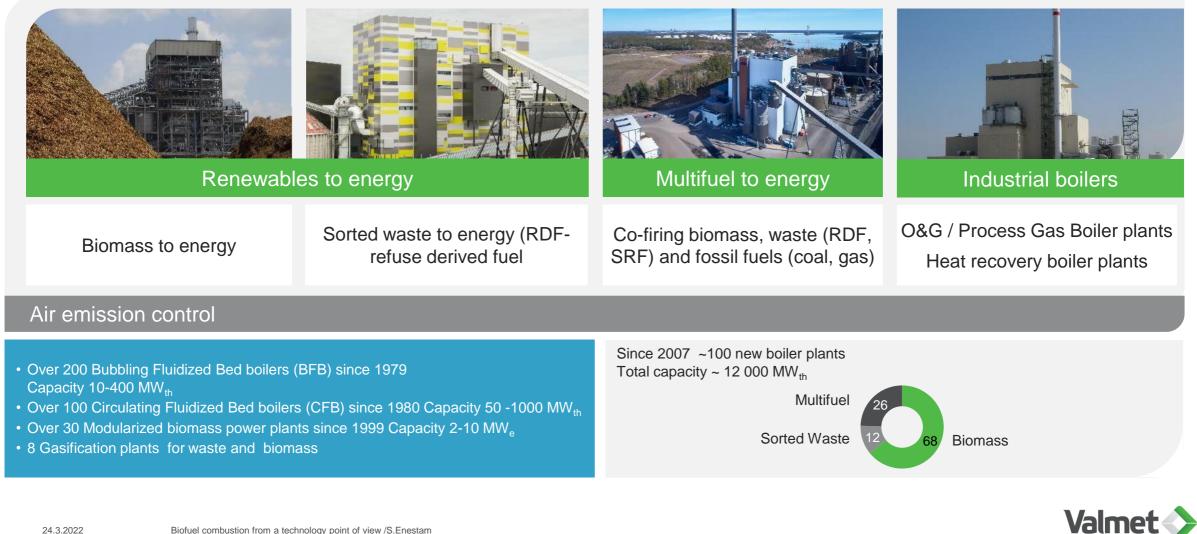


Services

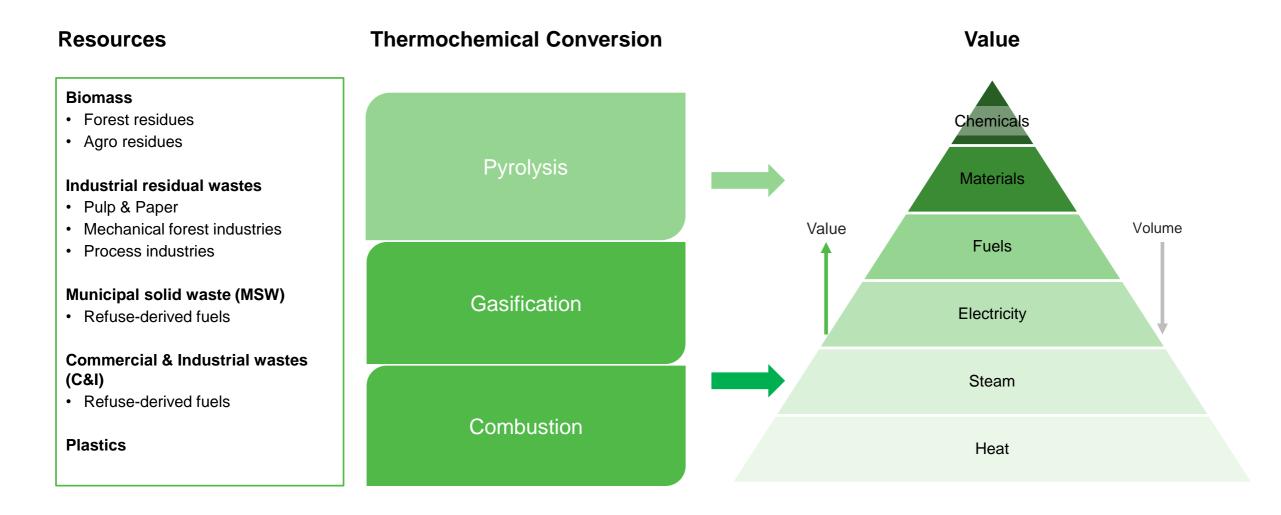
- · Spare and process parts
- Workshop and roll services
- Fabrics
- · Maintenance development and outsourcing
- Field services
- Process upgrades
- Industrial Internet solutions



Leading technology supplier of biomass and multifuel boiler plants globally



Strategic direction towards more valuable products

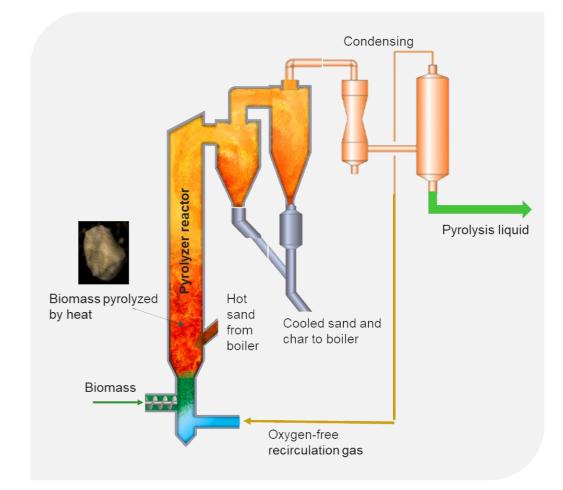




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Pyrolysis

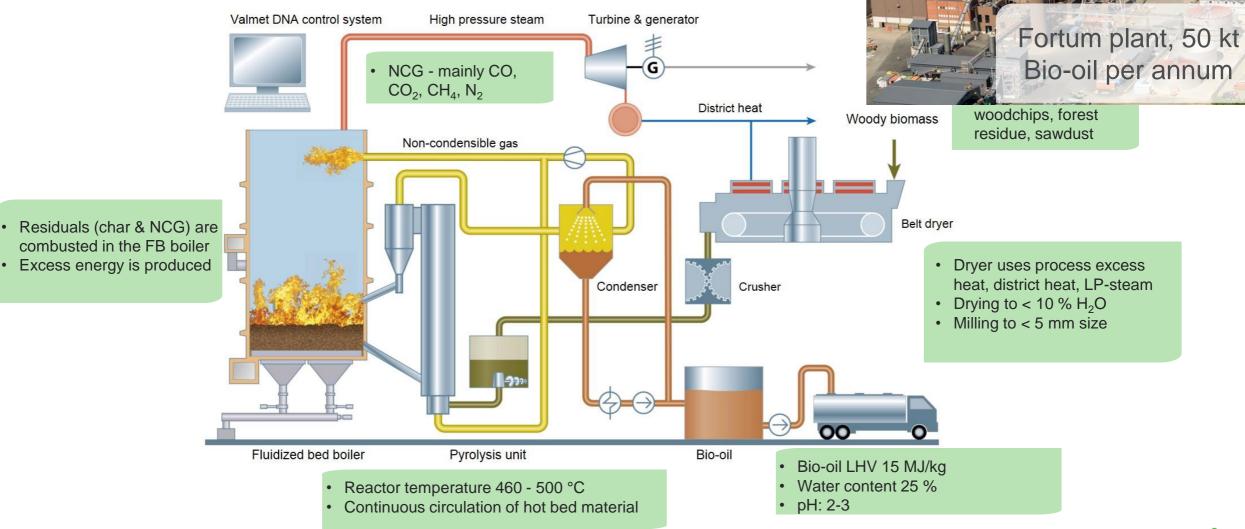
- Pyrolysis is the thermal decomposition of feedstock in absence of oxygen
- Pyrolysis produces three product streams:
 - Pyrolysis liquid
 - Char
 - Non-condensable gas
- Most biomasses and plastics are suitable for pyrolysis
 - Woody biomass: woodchips, sawdust or forest residue
 - Styrene or mixed waste plastics
- Pyrolysis liquid can be used
 - To replace heavy fuel oil in heating applications
 - For co-processing in refinery
 - As a feedstock biochemical production





Valmet Fast Pyrolyzer

Technical description: fluidized bed boiler integrated fast pyrolysis

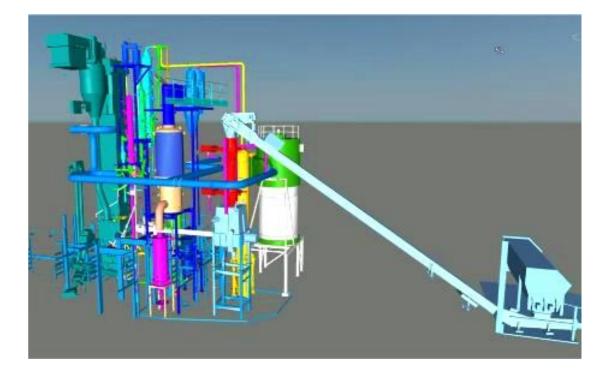




Valmet Pyrolyzer – development streams

Pyrolysis is Valmet's technology solution for:

- Biomass to chemicals
 - Pyrolysis liquid can be utilized as a raw material for renewable chemicals (for instance solvents)
- Biomass to traffic fuels
 - Catalytic pyrolysis of biomass can produce renewable feedstock to oil refinery (= biocrude)
- Chemical recycling of waste plastic
 - Pyrolysis can be applied also for plastics, targeting a feedstock for new plastics and chemicals

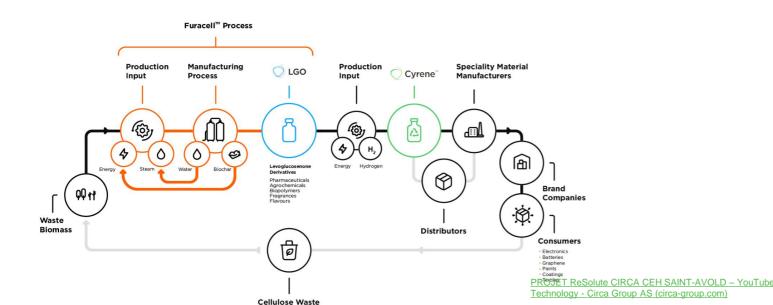




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Biomass to Chemicals

- Circa Group produces biochemicals through pyrolysis
 - Different platform chemicals in the product liquid
 - For instance, Circa converts LGO to Cyrene, environmentally friendly solvent
 - Cyrene could be a replacement for NMP or DMF solvents
- Valmet delivers the key equipment of the pyrolyzer to ReSolute project in Carling, France

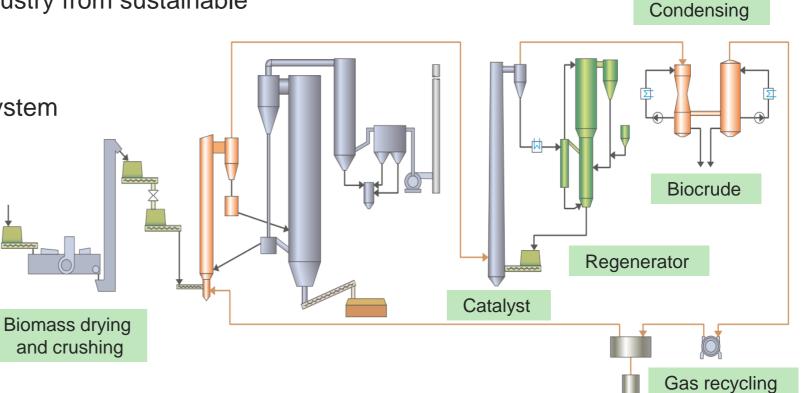






Biomass to traffic fuels – pyrolysis with catalytic upgrading

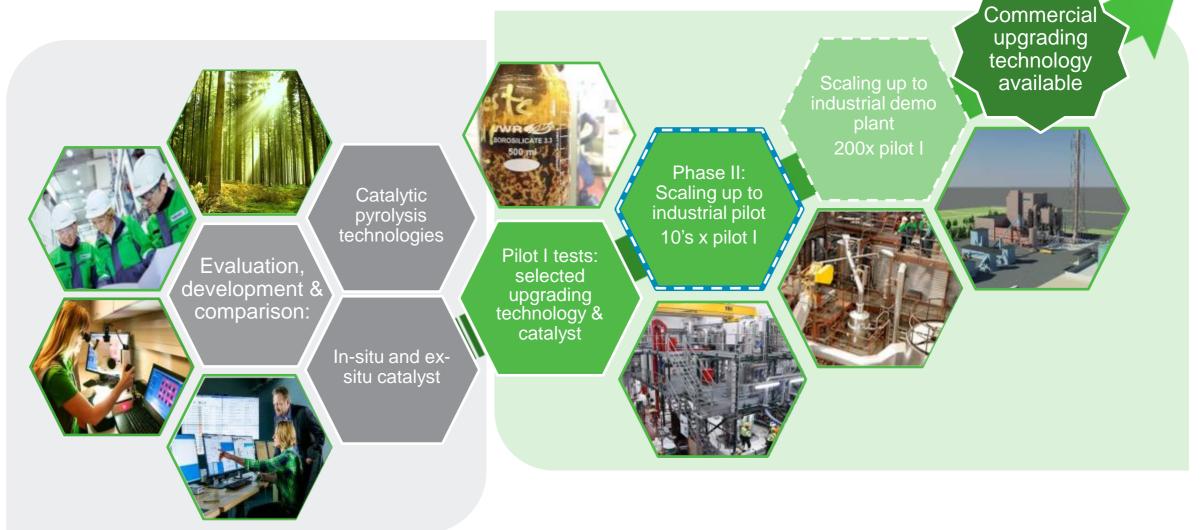
- Target: to produce renewable feedstock (biocrude) to refineries and petrochemical industry from sustainable biomass sources
- Technology: dual reactor Valmet Pyrolyzer system
 - First stage: Fast pyrolysis
 - Second stage: Catalytic upgrading with catalyst regeneration







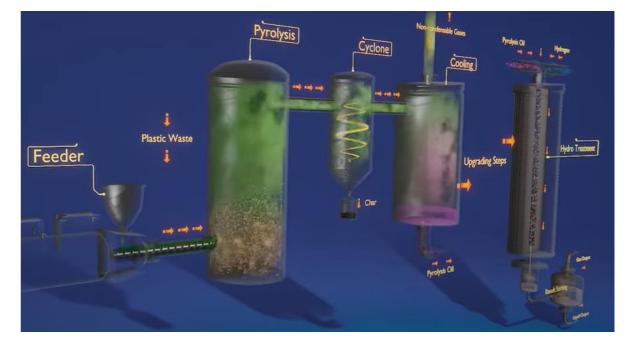
Development of Valmet Pyrolyzer with catalytic upgrading Scale-up of catalytic pyrolysis of biomass from laboratory to industry





Chemical Recycling with Plastic Pyrolysis

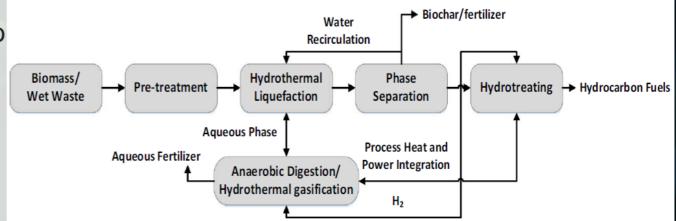
- Plastic recycling
 - Mechanical
 - Chemical
 - Pyrolysis is identified as a key promising technology
- Research currently in a small piloting scale to verify scaleup potential. Investigations on
 - Suitable feedstock
 - Feeding method
 - Removal of impurities and volatiles
 - Reactor type
 - Handling the side products
 - Post treatments: Fractionation and catalytic upgrading
 - Interesting final products

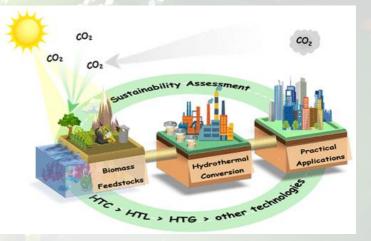




HTL is a promising pathway for wet wastes

- HTL is one of the most promising new technologies to convert **wet** feedstocks to renewable fuels
- Wet feedstocks
 - Agro waste
 - Algae
 - Municipal solid waste
 - Bio waste/Food waste
 - Sludges
 - Black liquor
- The oil as the final product
 - Has high heat value
 - Has low oxygen
 - Can be separated from the aqueous phase
 - Is stable
 - Needs post-treatment (refining)





Comparison of HTL and Pyrolysis

	Fast pyrolysis	Catalytic Pyrolysis	Hydrothermal liquefaction
Oil's oxygen content %	35-45%	10-35%	10-20%
Complexity	Low	Medium/High	High
Suitable feedstock	Dry biomass, plastic	Dry biomass, plastic	wet feedstock, biosludge, black liquor, algae, biomass and plastic
Challenges	Upgrading to fuel	Low oil yield	High-temperature pumps and handling the aqueous phase



Summary

- Valmet has experience in the fast pyrolysis of woody biomass in the pilot-, demo- and commercial-scales
- Valmet is actively developing pyrolysis technology for biochemical and biofuel applications
 - The process can be adjusted to customer's applications
 - Examples: Joensuu plant and ReSolute plant
 - In-house development of catalytic pyrolysis to produce feedstock of traffic biofuels
 - Examples: Overall process needs to reach maximum potential in commercial operations, including side-stream utilization
- Development steps in the chemical recycling of waste plastic are progressing
- Both HTL and pyrolysis technologies have pros and cons, and Valmet closely follows up the advances in HTL technology

